

PRATT & LAMBERT, INC. -- ENAMEL ALKYD SG GREEN 24148, ID745412 -- 8010-00-527-2628

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Product Identification  
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Product ID:ENAMEL ALKYD SG GREEN 24148, ID745412

MSDS Date:01/02/1987

FSC:8010

NIIN:00-527-2628

MSDS Number: BFCVT

=== Responsible Party ===

Company Name:PRATT & LAMBERT, INC.

Address:16116 E 13TH ST

Box:2153

City:WICHITA

State:KS

ZIP:67201

Country:US

Info Phone Num:316-733-1361

E

mergency Phone Num:316-733-1361

Preparer's Name:W.A. ELLISON

CAGE:FO127

=== Contractor Identification ===

Company Name:PRATT & LAMBERT, INC/BUFFALO, NY 14240

Box:22

CAGE:FO127

Company Name:PRATT AND LAMBERT INC

Address:Box:6027

City:CLEVELAND

State:OH

ZIP:44101-1027

Country:US

Phone:216-566-2902

CAGE:61196

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Composition/Information on Ingredients  
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Ingred Name:MINERAL SPIRITS

(VAPOR PRESSURE 2.0 MM HG @ 20 F.)

CAS:64742-88-7

OSHA PEL:500 PPM 2950 MG/CU

.M  
ACGIH TLV:100 PPM 525 MG/CU.M.  
  
Ingrid Name:XYLENES (O-,M-,P- ISOMERS) (SARA III)  
CAS:1330-20-7  
RTECS #:ZE2100000  
OSHA PEL:100 PPM/150 STEL  
ACGIH TLV:100 PPM/150STEL;9192  
EPA Rpt Qty:1000 LBS  
DOT Rpt Qty:1000 LBS

Ingrid Name:SILICA, CRYSTALLINE - CRISTOBALITE  
CAS:14464-46-1  
RTECS #:VV7325000  
OSHA PEL:SEE TABLE Z3  
ACGIH TLV:0.05 MG/M3 RDUST9293

Ingrid Name:SILICA, CRYSTALLINE - FUSED  
CAS:60676-86-0  
RTECS #:VV7328000  
OSHA PEL:SEE TABLE Z3  
ACGIH TLV:0.1 MG/M3 RDUST;9293

Ingrid Name:TALC (CONT  
AINING NO ASBESTOS)  
CAS:14807-96-6  
RTECS #:WW2710000  
OSHA PEL:2 MG/M3 RDUST  
ACGIH TLV:2 MG/M3 RDUST; 9192

Ingrid Name:TITANIUM DIOXIDE  
CAS:13463-67-7  
RTECS #:XR2275000  
OSHA PEL:15 MG/M3 TDUST  
ACGIH TLV:10 MG/M3 TDUST; 9293

Ingrid Name:VOC. ORGANIC CMPD 3.5 LB/GAL LESS WATER & NPRS\* 420 G/L  
LESS WATER VOC. 7.6 LB/GAL SOLIDS 912 G/L SOLIDS CALCU  
RTECS #:9999999VO

===== Hazards Identification =====

Routes of Entry: Inhalation:YES Skin:YES Ingestion:YE

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Reports of Carcinogenicity:NTP:NO IARC:NO OSHA:NO

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:REPEATED EXPOSURE TO CRYSTALLINE SILICA MAY CAUSE PNEUMOCONIOSIS, A PROGRESSIVE DISABLING LUNG DISEASE. OVEREXP TO XYLENE MAY CAUSE INJURY TO LIVER, KIDNEYS & BLOOD. PROLONGED/REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE TO SOLVENTS W/PERMANENT BRAIN & NERVOUSSYSTEM DAMAGE. DELIBERATE MISUSE OF CONTENTS MAY BE HARMFUL OF FATAL.

Effects of Overexposure:INGST: GASTROINTESTINAL IRRIT,NAUSEA,VOMITING & DIARR

HEA. ASPIRATION OF MATL IN TO LUNGS CAN CAUSE CHEM. PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL. INHAL:MAY CAUSE IRRIT. TO NOSE,THROAT & ACUTE NERVOUS SYSTEM DE PRESSION. EYE: IRRITATIONSKIN: MAY CAUSE DEFATTING & IRRITATION OF THE SKIN.

Medical Cond Aggravated by Exposure:PREXISTING RESP. CONDITIONS MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO CRYSTALLINE SILICA.

===== First Aid Measures =====

First Aid:INGST: CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMED.

INHAL: REMO

VE TO FRESH AIR IMMEDIATELY,GIVE

ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION IF NEEDED. KEEP WARM/QUIET, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION I MMEDIATELYEYE: FLUSH W/LRG AMTS OF WTR FOR 15 MINS. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN: WASH AFFECTED AREA W/SOAP & WATER, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

===== Fire Fighting Measures =====

Flash Point:80F/26.67C

Extinguishing Media:NFPA CLASS B FIRE EXTINGUISHER DESIGNED TO EXTINGUISH FLAMMABLE LIQUID FIRES. POLYMER FOAM PREFERRED FOR LARGE FIRES.

Fire Fighting Procedures:WEAR SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. WATER MAY BE INNEFFECTIVE, BUT MAY BE USED TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP. IF WATER IS USED, FOG NOZZLES ARE PREFERABLE.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard:KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, SPARKS AND FLAME. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT.

===== Accidental Release Measures =====

Spill Release Procedures:ELIMINATE AL

L SOURCES OF IGNITION. DIKE &  
CONTAIN SPILL W/INERT MATL. TRANSFER LIQ TO COVER METAL  
CONTAINER. USE NON SPARKING TOOLS. PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF  
SEWER,STREAMS, & GROUNDWATER W/SPILLED MATL OR USED ABSORBENT.

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Handling and Storage  
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Handling and Storage Precautions:DO NOT STORE ABOVE 120 DEGREES F.  
STORE LARGE QUANTITIES IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA 29CFR1910.106.  
CLOSE CONTAINER AFTER EACH USE.

Other Precautions:DO NOT TAKE IN  
TERNALLY. DO NOT BREATH SANDING DUST.  
DO NOT WASH & REUSE CONTNRS FOR ANY PURPOSE. DO NOT WELD, BRAZE OR  
CUT ON EMPTY CONTAINER. NEVER USE PRESS. TO EMPTY. CONTAINER SHOULD  
BE GROUNDED & BONDED TO THE RECEIVING CONTAINER.

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Exposure Controls/Personal Protection  
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Respiratory Protection:SPRAYING, USE NIOSH APPROVED MECHANICAL  
RESPIRATOR. RESTRICTED AREAS USE NIOSH APPROVED CHEMICAL  
CARTRIDGE/MECHANICAL FILTER. CONFINED AREA USE NIOSH APPROVED

AIR-SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR.  
Ventilation:GENERAL DILUTION & LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION.  
Protective Gloves:SOLVENT IMPERMEABLE GLOVES  
Eye Protection:WEAR SAFETY SPECTACLES WITH SIDE SHIELDS  
Other Protective Equipment:NOT LIKELY TO BE NEEDED  
Supplemental Safety and Health  
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Physical/Chemical Properties  
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Boiling Pt:B.P. Text:193-395F  
Vapor Density:>AIR  
Evaporation Rate & Reference:SLOWER THAN ETHER  
Percent Volatiles by Volume:53

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Stability  
and Reactivity Data  
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Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid:YES  
STRONG ACIDS OR ALKALINE MATERIALS.  
Stability Condition to Avoid:EXCESSIVE HEAT AND SOURCES OF IGNITION  
Hazardous Decomposition Products:BURNING, INCLUDING WHEN HEATED BY  
WELDING OR CUTTING, WILL PRODUCE SMOKE, CARBON MONOXIDE AND CARBON  
DIOXIDE.  
Conditions to Avoid Polymerization:KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND  
FLAME

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Disposal Considerations  
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Waste Dispos

al Methods:INCINERATE ONLY IN EPA FACILITY. DO NOT  
INCINERATECLOSED CONTAINERS. DISPOSE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE  
WITHFEDERAL,STATE, & LOCAL REGULATIONS. CONTAMINATED ABSORBENT MAY  
BE DISPOSED IN A HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL.

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